



Diathesis-stress model

Typical antipsychotics



Hallucinations

Disorganised offender

Family dysfunction Negative symptoms

Atavistic form



EXAM

**SCHIZOPHRENIA**

Token economy

Dopamine hypothesis

Positive symptoms

Cognitive distortions

Co-morbidity

Class inclusion

Free will Relativism



Idiographic

Custodial sentencing

Assimilation

Determinism

Ethnocentrism

Holism

**PSYCHOLOGY**  
Eysenck  
Organised offender

**ISSUES AND DEBATES**

Accommodation

Reductionism

Interactionist

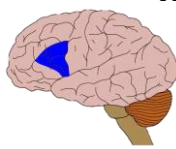
Recidivism

Vygotsky's theory of cognitive development

Infradian rhythms

Hostile attribution bias

Egocentrism



Lateralization of function



Hierarchy of needs

Conditions of worth

Broca's areas

Plasticity

Maslow



**BIOPSYCHOLOGY**

Zone of proximal development

Circadian rhythms

Ultradian rhythms

Humanistic

Scaffolding

Localization of function

Wernicke's area



Unconscious

Deviation from social norms

ABC Model

Type I and II errors  
 $\rho = 1 - \frac{6\sum d_i^2}{n(n^2 - 1)}$

Validity

Superego

Chi-Squared

Pearson's r

YEAR 13

**APPROACHES**  
Ego  
Freud  
Congruence  
Id

**INFERENTIAL STATISTICS**

Phobias

DSM-V

Spearman's rho

Wilcoxon

Reliability

Serotonin

Failure to function adequately

Unrelated t-test

Mann-Whitney

Secure avoidant



Dopamine

Conformity

Zimbardo



Institutionalisation

**SOCIAL INFLUENCE**

Deviation from ideal mental health

Milgram

Authoritarian personality

Obedience

Imprinting



Central nervous system

Adrenaline

Multi-Store Model

Capacity  
 $7 \pm 2$

Coding



Insecure resistant

Critical Period

**MEMORY**

Fight or flight

Working-Memory Model

Retrieval

Reciprocity

Chunking

Forgetting

Duration

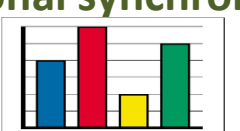
Interactional synchrony

Synaptic transmission

Behaviorism

Experimental design

Graphs



Cognitive Approach

Self report techniques

Ethics

YEAR 12

**APPROACHES**

Conditioning  
Social Learning Theory



Biological Approach

Variables  
Observation

Hypothesis  
Measures of central tendency

